



Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure (SPCC) Plan

Multiple Horizontal Cylindrical Tanks Inside a Rectangular or Square Dike or Berm

EXAMPLE

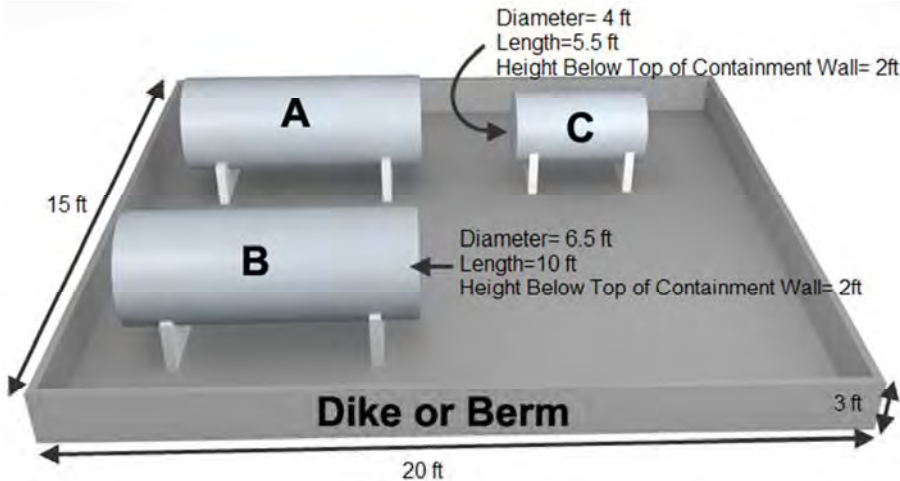
This worksheet calculates the secondary containment volume of a rectangular or square dike or berm for three horizontal cylindrical tanks. In this example, displacements of the tanks except for the largest tank in the berm must be accounted for when determining the required secondary containment volume.

Steps:

1. Determine the volume of the secondary containment, V_{SC}
- 2a. Determine the volume of the tank when the tank shell capacity is unknown, V_{Tank}
- 2b. Determine the volume of the tank when shell capacity is known, V_{Tank}
3. Determine the unavailable (displacement) areas and volumes in the containment due to other tanks within the containment and the net containment volume remaining for the largest tank
4. Determine the percentage of the net secondary containment volume, V_{SCNet} to the largest tank volume, V_{Tank}
5. Determine whether the secondary containment can contain the entire tank shell capacity with additional capacity to contain rain.

Information needed to use this worksheet:

- Tank shell capacity
Tanks A (off-road diesel) and B (on-road diesel) each has a shell capacity of 2,500 gallons while Tank C (gasoline) has a shell capacity of 500 gallons. Diameters and lengths of the tanks are as shown.
- Secondary containment length, width, and height
See diagram for dimensions.
- Height of each tank below top of containment wall (except largest tank)
See diagram for dimensions
- Rainfall amount
Rainfall can collect in the secondary containment; the selected rain event for the location is 7 inches.



Largest Tank Shell Capacity (gal) =

a

Disclaimer: Please note that these are simplified calculations for qualified facilities that assume: 1) the secondary containment is designed with a flat floor; 2) the wall height is equal for all four walls; and 3) the corners of the secondary containment system are 90 degrees. Additionally, the calculations do not include displacement for support structures or foundations. For Professional Engineer (PE) certified Plans, the PE may need to account for site-specific conditions associated with the secondary containment structure which may require modifications to these sample calculations to ensure good engineering practice.



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1. Determine the volume of the secondary containment, V_{SC}

$$\text{Secondary Containment Area, } A_{SC} = \boxed{20} \times \boxed{15}$$

Length (ft) Width (ft)

$$= \frac{\boxed{300}}{\mathbf{b}} \text{ ft}^2$$

$$V_{SC} (\text{ft}^3) = \frac{\boxed{300}}{\mathbf{b} \text{ (ft}^2)} \times \frac{\boxed{3}}{\text{Height (ft)}} = \frac{\boxed{900}}{\mathbf{c}} \text{ ft}^3$$

2a. Determine the volume of the tank when the tank shell capacity is unknown, V_{Tank}

$$\text{Tank radius (ft)} = \frac{\boxed{6.5}}{\text{Diameter (ft)}} \div 2 = \boxed{3.25} \text{ ft}$$

$$V_{Tank} (\text{ft}^3) = 3.14 \times \frac{\boxed{(3.25)^2}}{\text{Radius}^2 \text{ (ft)}^2} \times \frac{\boxed{10}}{\text{Tank Length (ft)}} = \frac{\boxed{332}}{\mathbf{d}} \text{ ft}^3$$

2b. Determine the volume of the tank when shell capacity is known, V_{Tank}

a is the tank shell capacity from page 1.

$$V_{Tank} (\text{ft}^3) = \frac{\boxed{2,500}}{\mathbf{a} \text{ (gal)}} \times \frac{0.1337}{\text{ft}^3/\text{gal}} = \frac{\boxed{334}}{\mathbf{e}} \text{ ft}^3$$

3. Determine the unavailable (displacement) areas and volumes in the containment due to other tanks within the containment and the net containment volume remaining for the largest tank

The easiest way to determine the displacement volume in a horizontal cylindrical tank is to use the tank manufacturer's liquid height to gallons conversion chart for the tank in Method 1 calculation. If this information is not available, use Method 2 calculation to obtain the displacement volumes.



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EXAMPLE

METHOD 1

$$\text{Height of Tank B Below Containment Wall (in)} = \boxed{} \text{ in}$$

$$V_{\text{Tank B}} \text{ Displacement (gal) From Tank Conversion Chart} = \boxed{} \text{ gal}$$

f

$$V_{\text{Tank B}} \text{ Displacement (ft}^3\text{)} = \boxed{} \text{ f (gal)} \times \frac{0.1337 \text{ ft}^3\text{/gal}}{\text{ft}^3\text{/gal}} = \boxed{} \text{ ft}^3$$

g

Calculate the displacement of each additional horizontal cylindrical tank within the same secondary containment:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Total Displacement Volume (ft}^3\text{)} &= \boxed{} \text{ g (ft}^3\text{)} + \boxed{} \text{ g1 (ft}^3\text{)} + \boxed{} \text{ g2 (ft}^3\text{)} + \dots \\ &= \boxed{} \text{ ft}^3 \end{aligned}$$

h

METHOD 2

$$\text{Height of Tank B Below Containment Wall (in)} = \boxed{24} \text{ in}$$

i

$$\text{Tank B Diameter (in)} = \boxed{6.5} \text{ Diameter (ft)} \times 12 \text{ in/ft} = \boxed{78} \text{ in}$$

j

$$\text{Height to Diameter Ratio for Tank B} = \boxed{24} \text{ i (in)} \div \boxed{78} \text{ j (in)} = \boxed{0.31} \text{ k}$$

$$\text{Tank B Volume Fraction for Height to Diameter Ratio (Table)} = \boxed{0.263} \text{ l}$$

If the tank shell capacity in gallons is known:

$$\text{Tank Volume } V_{\text{Tank B}} \text{ (ft}^3\text{)} = \boxed{2,500} \text{ Shell Capacity (gal)} \times 0.1337 \text{ ft}^3\text{/gal} = \boxed{334} \text{ ft}^3$$

m



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EXAMPLE

METHOD 2 (CONT)

Or, if the tank shell capacity in gallons is not known:

$$\text{Tank B radius (ft)} = \frac{\text{Diameter (ft)}}{2} = \text{ft}$$

$$V_{\text{Tank B}} (\text{ft}^3) = 3.14 \times (\text{Radius (ft)})^2 \times \text{Tank Length (ft)} = \text{ft}^3$$

$$\text{Displacement, } V_{\text{Tank B}} (\text{ft}^3) = \frac{m (\text{ft}^3)}{l} = \frac{88}{o} \text{ft}^3$$

m is the tank volume (Tank B).

l is the Tank B volume fraction for H/D ratio (table).

Calculate the displacement of each additional horizontal cylindrical tank within the same secondary containment:

$$\text{Height of Tank C Below Containment Wall (in)} = \frac{24}{i} \text{ in}$$

$$\text{Tank C Diameter (in)} = \frac{4}{\text{Diameter (ft)}} \times 12 = \frac{48}{j} \text{ in}$$

$$\text{Height to Diameter Ratio for Tank C} = \frac{24}{i \text{ (in)}} \div \frac{48}{j \text{ (in)}} = \frac{0.50}{k}$$

$$\text{Tank C Volume Fraction for Height to Diameter Ratio (Table)} = \frac{0.5}{l}$$

$$\text{Tank Volume } V_{\text{Tank C}} (\text{ft}^3) = \frac{500}{\text{Shell Capacity (gal)}} \times 0.1337 = \frac{67}{m} \text{ft}^3$$

$$\text{Displacement, } V_{\text{Tank C}} (\text{ft}^3) = \frac{67}{n (\text{ft}^3)} \times \frac{0.5}{l} = \frac{34}{o1} \text{ft}^3$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Total Displacement Volume (ft}^3) &= \frac{88}{o (\text{ft}^3)} + \frac{34}{o1 (\text{ft}^3)} \\ &= \frac{122}{p} \text{ft}^3 \end{aligned}$$

Net Secondary Containment Volume:

$$\text{Net Containment Volume, } V_{\text{SCNet}} (\text{ft}^3) = \frac{900}{c (\text{ft}^3)} - \frac{122}{p (\text{Method 2}) (\text{ft}^3)} = \frac{778}{q} \text{ft}^3$$

c is the secondary containment volume.



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Selected Rainfall Event:

24— Hr 25— Yr

$$\text{Rainfall (in)} = \frac{7}{t} \text{ in}$$

$$\text{Rainfall (ft)} = \frac{7}{t \text{ (in)}} \div 12 \text{ in/ft}$$

$$\frac{0.6}{u} \text{ ft}$$

$$\text{Volume of Rain to be Contained, } V_{\text{Rain}} \text{ (ft}^3\text{)} = \frac{0.6}{u \text{ (ft)}} \times \frac{300}{b \text{ (ft}^2\text{)}} = \frac{180}{v} \text{ ft}^3$$

$$\text{Total Containment Capacity Required (ft}^3\text{)} = \frac{180}{v \text{ (ft}^3\text{)}} + \frac{334}{e \text{ (ft}^3\text{)}}$$

$$\frac{514}{w} \text{ ft}^3$$

The net secondary containment volume after accounting for displacements in **q** is 778 ft³, which is equal to or greater than the required containment capacity in **w**, which is 514 ft³. Therefore, the secondary containment is sufficient to contain the shell capacity of the largest tank and has sufficient additional capacity to contain a typical rainfall amount.

The percentage of the net secondary containment volume to the largest tank shell capacity volume is 233% (**s** in Step 4). This percentage, which is greater than 100%, indicates that additional secondary containment capacity is available to contain rain as the containment is exposed to rain. Subtracting the largest tank shell capacity volume V_{Tank} of 334 ft³ (**e** in Step 4) from the net containment volume V_{SCNet} of 778 ft³ (**q** in Step 4) yields 444 ft³ of additional containment capacity for rain. V_{Rain} , the volume of rain falling into the secondary containment in a 24-hour 25-year rainfall event that produces 7 inches of rain, is 180 ft³ (**v** in Step 5). V_{Rain} is less than the 444 ft³ of additional containment capacity by 264 ft³; consequently, the additional secondary containment capacity is sufficient to also contain the rain from the selected rainfall event. As concluded at the end of Step 5 in this example, the net secondary containment volume is sufficient to contain the shell capacity of the largest tank and the selected typical rainfall amount.



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Table of H/D Ratios and Corresponding Percent of Tank Volume

“H” is the tank height below the top of the containment wall. “D” is the tank diameter.

H/D Ratio	Percent of Tank Vol	H/D ratio	Percent of Tank Vol	H/D ratio	Percent of Tank Vol
0	0	0.34	0.301	0.68	0.724
0.01	0.002	0.35	0.312	0.69	0.737
0.02	0.003	0.36	0.323	0.70	0.747
0.03	0.009	0.37	0.337	0.71	0.760
0.04	0.013	0.38	0.348	0.72	0.770
0.05	0.020	0.39	0.362	0.73	0.783
0.06	0.025	0.40	0.374	0.74	0.792
0.07	0.030	0.41	0.385	0.75	0.805
0.08	0.038	0.42	0.400	0.76	0.816
0.09	0.045	0.43	0.411	0.77	0.825
0.10	0.053	0.44	0.423	0.78	0.837
0.11	0.058	0.45	0.435	0.79	0.848
0.12	0.068	0.46	0.450	0.80	0.858
0.13	0.075	0.47	0.461	0.81	0.869
0.14	0.085	0.48	0.473	0.82	0.879
0.15	0.094	0.49	0.488	0.83	0.888
0.16	0.102	0.50	0.500	0.84	0.898
0.17	0.112	0.51	0.512	0.85	0.906
0.18	0.121	0.52	0.527	0.86	0.915
0.19	0.131	0.53	0.539	0.87	0.925
0.20	0.142	0.54	0.550	0.88	0.932
0.21	0.152	0.55	0.565	0.89	0.942
0.22	0.163	0.56	0.577	0.90	0.947
0.23	0.175	0.57	0.589	0.91	0.955
0.24	0.184	0.58	0.600	0.92	0.962
0.25	0.195	0.59	0.615	0.93	0.970
0.26	0.208	0.60	0.626	0.94	0.975
0.27	0.217	0.61	0.638	0.95	0.980
0.28	0.230	0.62	0.652	0.96	0.987
0.29	0.240	0.63	0.663	0.97	0.991
0.30	0.253	0.64	0.677	0.98	0.997
0.31	0.263	0.65	0.688	0.99	0.998
0.32	0.276	0.66	0.699	1.00	1.000
0.33	0.287	0.67	0.713		